## SB0057S01 compared with SB0057

{deleted text} shows text that was in SB0057 but was deleted in SB0057S01.

Inserted text shows text that was not in SB0057 but was inserted into SB0057S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

**Senator Jani Iwamoto** proposes the following substitute bill:

### POLICE SERVICE ANIMAL AMENDMENTS

2018 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jani Iwamoto

House Sponsor: \{\text{V. Lowry Snow}}\text{V. Lowry Snow}

#### **LONG TITLE**

#### **General Description:**

This bill provides penalties for injuring or killing a police animal.

## **Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- makes it a second degree felony to intentionally or knowingly cause death to a
  police service {animal} canine; and
- makes it a third degree felony to intentionally or knowingly injure a police service <del>{animal}canine</del>

## **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

None

## **Other Special Clauses:**

None

## SB0057S01 compared with SB0057

#### **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

AMENDS:

**76-9-306**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 192

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 

Section 1. Section 76-9-306 is amended to read:

76-9-306. Police service {animals}canine -- Causing injury or interfering with handler -- Penalties.

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Handler" means a law enforcement officer who is specially trained, and uses a police service [animal] canine during the course of the performance of his law enforcement duties.
- (b) "Police service [animal] canine" means any dog [or horse] used by a law enforcement agency, which is specially trained for law enforcement work, or any animal contracted to assist a law enforcement agency in the performance of law enforcement duties.
- (2) It is a [third] second degree felony for a person to intentionally[:] or knowingly cause death to a police service {animal} canine.
  - (3) It is a third degree felony for a person to intentionally or knowingly:
  - (a) cause bodily injury [or death] to a police service [animal] canine;
- (b) engage in conduct likely to cause bodily injury or death to a police service [animal;] canine; or
- (c) lay out, place, or administer any poison, trap, substance, or object which is likely to produce bodily injury or death to a police service [animal{{}}; or] canine.
- [(d) offer or agree with one or more persons to engage in or cause the performance of an act which constitutes a violation of this section.]
  - [<del>(3)</del>] (4) It is a class A misdemeanor for a person to intentionally or knowingly:
  - (a) taunt, torment, strike, or otherwise assault a police service [animal] canine;
  - (b) throw any object or substance at, or in the path of, a police service [animal] canine;
- (c) interfere with or obstruct a police service [animal] canine, or attempt to, or interfere with the handler of the [animal] canine in a manner that inhibits, restricts, or deprives the handler of [his] control of the [animal] canine;

# SB0057S01 compared with SB0057

- (d) release a police service [animal] canine from its area of control, such as a vehicle, kennel, or pen, or trespass in that area; or
- (e) place any food, object, or substance into a police service <u>[animal's] canine's</u> area of control without the permission of the handler.
- [(4)] (5) A police service [animal] canine is exempt from quarantine or other animal control ordinances if it bites any person while under proper police supervision or routine veterinary care. The law enforcement agency and the [animal's] canine's handler shall make the [animal] canine available for examination at any reasonable time and shall notify the local health officer if the [animal] canine exhibits any abnormal behavior.
- [(5)] (6) In addition to any other penalty, a person convicted of a violation of this section is liable for restitution to the owning or employing law enforcement agency or individual owner of the police service [animal] canine for the replacement, training, and veterinary costs incurred as a result of the violation of this section.

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**Legislative Review Note** 

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